# TIPS ON ARIANE <br> ( as of now the current release is Ariane V2.: see p 30 but the V1 tips were kept p1-p29) 

What knots can be planed with ARIANE ?
AMONG OTHERS (see a few offered illustrations Fig / to Fig V):

## IN AUTO mode :

*** PINEAPPLES (STANDARD HERRINGBONE-PINEAPPLE and NOT-HERRINGBONE PINEAPPLE).

## *** STANDARD HERRINGBONE KNOTS

*** Other NESTED BIGHTS CYLINDRICAL KNOTS whether they are SYMMETRIC or
ASYMMETRIC as long as they are ""REGULAR"". ( See Page 23 and following for details about the notions of "REGULAR" and "IRREGULAR" that are used here in a special manner.)

## IN MANUAL SETTING OF THE PINS :

(this manual setting is not made available in Version 1 nor in V2 ).
*** OTHER NESTED BIGHTS CYLINDRICAL KNOTS, in particular ""IRREGULAR"" ones.

Fig I HERRINGBONE-PINEAPPLE -NESTED-BIGHTs- (with THK COMPONENTS - in 2 SETS- that are of ODD NUMBER of LEADS)


Fig II PINEAPPLE - so NESTED-BIGHTs- with THK COMPONENTS of EVEN NUMBER of LEADS ( in TWO SETS)


Fig III Standard HERRINGBONE KNOT - so NO NESTED-BIGHTs- ( ODD NUMBER of LEADS in THK COMPONENTS)


Fig IV Standard HERRINGBONE KNOT - so NO NESTED BIGHTs- ( EVEN NUMBER of LEADS in THK COMPONENTS)


Fig $V$ an IRREGULAR NESTED BIGHTS CYLINDRICAL KNOT that needs a MANUAL POSITIONING of PINs . (- NOT made available in Version 1 nor in V2. )

(note : it just happened that the lower illustration is rotated $180^{\circ}$ relative to the upper illustration.)

Fig VI THK ASSEMBLIES.


You need to built a grid that has
WIDTH=30
and
HEIGHT=33
and then put on your PINs..
The units?

## CI= COLUMN INTERVAL for WIDTH

and $\mathbf{R I}=$ ROW INTERVAL for HEIGHT.
We will see later how to use the MANUAL POSITIONG of PINs. ( just for the intellectual curiosity as this will only be publicly released with the V3 )

## ARIANE

Fig 1 full screen window.


Fig 2


Fig 3
File two items: Open and Quit Quit is self-explaining.

Open is used to open the file of a knot that was saved by user or sent to him. ARI files are a light, swift and powerful tool of exchange with others knots tyers.

Edition At the moment it is just an empty box.

## Tools

## Configuration :

Fig 4

line $==$ the thickness of the traced lines.
Font $=$ the font size .

## ? Open « what is Ariane».

Fig 5


N5 Open : Open the working directory.
N6
Save in the designated working directory a file titled «Ariane.txt » which contains the knot's characteristics. (in V2 it is .ARI file format)

N7
The 'instant tutorial' : writes a .PDF file that contains the table of HP codes and the knot grid as it is on the screen. (see the Tutorial for a 96 FACEs spherical cover made by Claude using grid and the table of HP coding produced by ARIANE).


N8 Makes a copy of the grid to the clip board.
N9 Print may be this one will be suppressed.
Fig 6
N90.
Traces the columns and ROWS LINES.
N91 Shows (or not ; by inversion) the PINs notation.
N92 Shows (or not ; by inversion of the situation) the crossings.

## N93

Inverts the crossings $\mathbf{U}$ for $\mathbf{O}$ and $\mathbf{O}$ for $\mathbf{U}$
N94
Changes the orientation of the traced grid : PORTRAIT / LANDSCAPE or VERTICAL CYLINDER frame of reference / horizontal mandrel frame ofreference

Fig 7


Fig 8 the PINs notation.


4-6 means 4th PIN on the 6th BIGHT-RIM.

Fig 9


N97 This is the 'Post-IT"' icone just like in RKnot Builder.
N98
This is one «quits » the application.

Fig 10 THE POST-IT.


Post-it is useful when in STEP by STEP mode

Fig 11 the contextual menu.


The CONTEXTUAL MENU can be open with a RIGHT mouse click in the main area of the window.

The first « block': ISO to PI/8 gives the opportunity of choosing the type of the TRACING GRID that will be used.

The second block is for the choice of the width or thickness of the lines traced.

The third 'block' gives the choice of the Font Size.

The fourth 'block' offers
*** Save the Frame that writes the characteristics of the knot in a file titled 'essai.txt'. That file is put in the folder where the application is or in the working directory. This file can be reloaded in ARIANE.
*** Copy: copy the image of the grid to the clipboard. You can then paste it in image manipulation software.

Fig 12 (top right hand side of the window. )

| Results |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead | 26 | Over | 217 |
| Faces | 414 | Under | 197 |
| Crossings | 414 | Nb of HP | 36 |
| Bight | 18 | Nb of Strand | 6 |

Fig 12 : User CANNOT MAKE any entry here.
Results.

Lead

Faces == a Face may be made with several crossings.)

Crossings
Bight
Over = OVER Xing
Under = UNDER Xing
Nb HP == NUMBER OF HALF-PERIODS.
Nb of Strand == NUMBER OF STRANDS (can be single strand or multi-strand.)

Fig 13 top left hand side of the window.)


It is in those fields that users make their entries.
Entries.
User's data.

## Bight-Nest

## Bight (in a nest)

SPACING or Schaake's distance ' $x$ ' : the distance in ROW INTERVAL(vertical cylinder frame of reference) between the two innermost BIGHT-RIM.

Top Edge Bight OFFSET (a bit different from Schaake's DELTA for those knots.)

Fig 14 window in PINS PLACING mode


Fig 15


Apparently same characters :
**** 6-PASS each,
same SPACING or distance ' $x$ ' = 10 each,
** 4 BIGHT-NEST each,
** same number of LEADs each,
BUT NOT SAME Top Edge Bights Offset
hence one grid can receive an evenly made Herringbone CODING but the other can not have it.
(see the next 3 illustrations.)

Fig 16


Fig 17


Fig 18 OFFSET is an important point.


## Asymmetric

You chose this option for the REGULAR NESTED BIGHTS CYLINDRICAL KNOTS that do not have an equal number of BIGHT-RIMs on each knot side.(Symmetric is the default option.)

Tables / Grid this is what makes the choice of what is put on, the screen : knot grid or HP codes table.

Fig 19


Three radio buttons.
Normal $==$ it is the 'normal mode with no special options.
Pas à Pas == STEP BY STEP
Just as in RKnot Builder you get the HP one after the other using mouse clicks.
Pose de Pins == Pins laying This is the free hand entry of PINs-NOT in Version1 nor in Version2-

Fig 20


Fig 4 bis illustrates the concept of BIGHT-NEST : 6 at the TOP and 10 at the BOTTOM.

Fig 21


Fig21 illustrates the SYMETRIC REGULAR:
they have the same number of BIGHT-NESTs at TOP and BOTTOM with each having the same number of BIGHTS hence the same number of BIGHT-RIMs on which the PINS are put.

The red vertical line is the SPACING, the distance ' $x$ ' between the two innermost BIGHT-RIMs. (in violet.)

## Fig 22



Fig 22 illustrates the REGULAR ASYMMETRIC that do not have the same number of BIGHTNESTs on each KNOT BORDER, not the same number of BIGHT-RIM, not the same number of BIGHTs in their BIGTH-NESTs.

## LET US SEE SOME NOTIONS THAT ARE NECESSARY FOR THE MANUAL POSITIONING OF THE PINS

Fig 23


The fast and sure way to get a correct drawing and to get the grid measurements is to use an ISOMETRIC GRID.

Fig 24 mode PINS PLACING window


Fig 25


# SOME DETAILS ABOUT THE NOTIONS OF REGULAR, IRREGULAR, SYMMETRIC, ASYMMETRIC. 

ALL THE FOLLOWING ILLUSTRATIONS ARE QUOTED FROM SCHAAKE's WORK (and sometime modified)

THE RETAINED NOMENCLATURE FOR THIS ARIANE PROGRAM IS :
*** REGULAR SYMMETRIC
*** REGULAR ASYMMETRIC
*** IRREGULAR
BUT... we could have kept ( not useful, but the geometry does exist ) also
--- IRREGULAR SYMMETRIC
--- IRREGULAR ASYMMETRIC
But this separation symmetric/asymmetric is useless for the decision to go to MANUAL PINS POSITIONING: as soon as it is IRREGULAR it is "manual" whether it is symmetric or asymmetric so the symmetry does not change what User must do while in the REGULAR the decision of User is influenced by symmetry or not.
Fig A


REGULAR


It is faster to ask if the knot complies with the 3 criteria of the REGULAR KNOTS, if even only one criterion is missing then it is an IRREGULAR.

## *** ON BOTH KNOT EDGE ALL the bIGHT-NESTs WITHOUT EXCEPTION have ONE BIGHT on the MOST EXTERNAL BIGHT-RIM. BIGHT-RIM ${ }^{\circ} 1$. (Criterion ONE).

*** ON A GIVEN KNOT EDGE ALL THE BIGHT-NESTs have the same number of BIGHTs. This number is the same for both edges in symmetric and different in asymmetric.(Criterion TWO corollary of Criterion ONE).
***In EACH BIGHT-NEST OF A KNOT ALL the BIGHTS (PINs) belonging to it are PERFECTLY ALIGNED and INSIDE A BIGHT-NEST THERE IS NO PIN BELONGING TO ANOTHER BIGHT-NEST. (Criterion THREE).

ALL THE CYLINDRICAL KNOTS WITH BIGHT-NESTs THAT COMPLY WITH THOSE THREE CRITERIA ARE SAID TO BE "REGULAR". ONE MISSING CRITERION MAKES IT AN "IRREGULAR".

Fig B

IRREGULAR : missing Criterion ONE.
OK Criterion TWO and Criterion THREE.

REGULAR : the THREE Criteria are complied with.

| IRREGULAR | REGULAR |
| :---: | :---: |
|  <br> 1234 |  <br> 1432 |



1432

Fig C


SYMMETRIC == same number of BIGHT-RIMs on each side of the knot (here 6).

## Fig D



ASYMMETRIC== the number of BIGHT-RIMs is different at the TOP (6)from what it is at the BOTTOM (3).

Fig $E$


Criterion TWO is missing.

Though SYMMETRY is not taken in account for IRREGULAR this one has the same number of BIGHT-RIMs on each side of the knot so it is indeed symmetric in a way Which does not fully coincide with the nomenclature meaning of the word.

Fig F


Though SYMETRY is not taken in account for IRREGULAR this one does not have the same number of BIGHT-RIMs on each side of the knot so it is indeed asymmetric

Criterion ONE and Criterion Two are missing.

Fig $G$


Fig H

At the TOP Criterion THREE is missing.


Fig I


Fig J


Despite the Fig J"module" which by "repetition", brings
rhythm so "regularity" this is NOT A REGULAR in the sense of the nomenclature.
Fig K AN EASY TO DETECT IRREGULAR KNOT.


Fig $L$ a sampling of IRREGULAR.


Fig M Irregular


Inside a given BIGHT-NEST OF THE TOP KNOT EDGE there are PINs that belong to another BIGHTRIM that are not perfectly aligned with the considered BIGHT-NEST and all that is violating Criterion THREE.

# USER'sTIPS SPECIFIC V2 <br> VERSION UPGRADE ARE FREE FOR ALL OWNERS OF A LICENSED VERSION SOME CHANGES IN APPEARANCE FOR NEW FUNCTIONAL POSSIBILITIES. 

## ****** A new "dashboard"



Besides some 'musical chairs' cosmetic changes there are several "hard" changes


In V1 the default mode was for the REGULAR TYPE of NESTED-BIGHTS CYLINDRICAL KNOTS (NBCK).

Now this mode is individually activated via a radio button.
JUST AS WHEN DRIVING YOU WATCH THE DASHBOARD in V2 ALWAYS PAY ATTENTION TO THE RADIO BUTTONS SETTING.

REGULAR is short for REGULAR SYMMETRIC NBCK
ASYMMETRIC is short REGULAR ASYMMETRIC NBCK
On activation this choice changes the dashboard put on screen to allow the necessary entries for that TYPE of NBCK as shown in the following illustration.


IRREGULAR is both for
IRREGULAR NBCK in the nomenclature sense
and for knots that have been MANUALLY TWEAKED BY USER so irregular compared to the default automatic making by Ariane.

Selection of this radio button will open a window so that you can load an existing .ARI file


PINS PLACING is neutralized in this V2 version ; it is the module that allows manual positioning of the pins to draw IRREGULAR NBCK such as those shown in the User's TIPS distributed with V1. In the same spirit do not take in consideration the rightmost part of the dashboard except 'error' and 'Xing length'

STEP by STEP is explained in User's Tips: Half Periods are put on screen one after the other using mouse clicks. ( Post-it explicitely shows "details" for the current "STEP'

STANDARD MODE is the usual mode and this is what you need to select to "exit" from PINS PLACINGS and EDIT CROSSINGS .

## ***** New TOOLS menu and CONTEXTUAL menu



In TOOLS ( top menu bar ) only remains CONFIGURATION.
The pixels sizes of the HP lines (isometric tracing) and the FONT size are now integrated in the CONTEXTUAL MENU ( right mouse click in the tracing area )

A reminder about CONFIGURATION:


A change in language will be taken in account only after closing ARIANE and opening it again.

All other modifications are acted upon immediately inside the same session.
When you close the Configuration panel using the OK button the configuration is immediately refreshed, when you close it using the CANCEL button or the ' $\mathbf{X}$ ' icon at the top right corner this refreshing does not happen.


CONTEXTUAL MENU now offers:
*** The choice of the width of the Half-Periods tracing
*** The choice of the crossings width

## *** The Save knot in TXT is now Save in ARlane file format

*** Copy still makes a copy of the grid that can be pasted in an image editing software
*** Font changes the size of the Bight-Rim/Bight PINS numbering on the grid

## Crossings can also have

 their length changed :A LEFT mouse click on the diagram activates the mouse wheel, a second LEFT mouse click on the diagram deactivates the mouse wheel.

## *** ARI(ane) Files

Once a knot has been saved as ARIANE file ( don't forget to set the correct path in the CONFIGURATION panel) it may be loaded again in ARIANE.

There are several manners to do that loading : menu FILE or ICON


When attempting to open ( load ) an ARI file if this file is not fully complying with the

ARI format you will get a warning : make the mouse marker hovers over this exclamation mark and a contextual message will open.


In case of "error" please look in your ARIANE installation folder and look for a file

Erreur.TXT: please send it to Claude HOCHETat arianerecouvrement@gmail.com

THE MAIN ADDITION IN ARIANE RELEASE VERSION V2 IS THE ABILITY TO EDIT THE CROSSINGS

You just need to have a knot on the screen, either by loading an existing ARI file, or by drawing the knot automatically with ARIANE, using the fields in the upper left corner of the windows FOLLOWED BY THE ACTIVATION OF THE EDIT CROSSINGS RADIO BUTTON TO GO INTO THIS MODE.

Proper treatment of the crossing in all cases: it is now possible to modify the type of the crossings « by hand »' just as in RKnot Builder.

IT GOES WITHOUT SAYING THAT PRIOR TO MAKING THE KEYBOARD AND/OR MOUSE CLICK THE MOUSE MUST BE POSITIONED ON A CROSSING OF HALFPERIOD.

0
Any crossing can be changed into the other type with a Click on it

0
A whole COLUMN ( vertical cylinder frame of reference ) will get homogenous crossings of the same type using ALT + Click on any of the crossings in it

0
A whole ROW ( vertical cylinder frame of reference ) will get homogenous crossings of the same type using CTRL + Click on any of the crossings in it

0

Starting from their existing type the crossings of a whole COLUMN will be put into the other type so you can get heterogeneous COLUMN with a mix of Over and Under and not ONLY UNDER or ONLY OVER (it is an inversion of state) using ALT + SHIFT + Click on any of the crossings in it

0
Starting from their existing type the crossing of a whole ROW will be put into the other type so you can get heterogeneous ROW with a mix of Over and Under and not ONLY UNDER or ONLY OVER it is an inversion of state) using CTRL + SHIFT + Click on any of the crossings in it

The illustration here under is a VISUAL composition of a number of screen captures put in a patchwork showing the changes brought with keyboard and mouse

Such thing as D1 or C2 are JUST 'labels' and *not* things to 'do', they just serve as 'coupling' for the two faces of a same sort of tweaking.


STILL ABOUT CROSSINGS : when modifying the SPACING parameter the knot is usually redrawn using as much as possible of the existing crossings pattern and the added crossing that MAY be are not complying with the original pattern are flagged by a circle.

Circle will disappear when you click on the crossing in EDIT CROSSINGS mode.


## THE FUTURE : THE V3

Already and for many months, V3 has been working perfectly well in Claude's hands and in his tester's hand but this V3 is, for the moment, way beyond too many knottyers to be reasonably release now.

Using the V3 demands an IN DEPTH knowledge of IRREGULAR NESTED-BIGHT CYLINDRICAL KNOTS that can ONLY be gained by thoroughly reading and studying THE BRAIDER.

For now the V2, a real progress, is a big enough plate to digest for $99.999 \%$ of the knot tyers and till they master it perfectly a V3 would more hindrance than help for them.

